

Social Security Online Services and Benefits

Note: This event is public. Please <u>do not</u> share any personal information, such as date of births or social security numbers, about yourself or others during the event.





Beware of Social Security Phone Scams



Securing today and tomorrow

NKNOWN CALLER

Telephone scammers are pretending to be government employees. They may threaten you and may demand immediate payment to avoid arrest or other legal action. Do not be fooled!

If you receive a suspicious call:

1. HANG UP!

2. DO NOT GIVE THEM MONEY OR PERSONAL INFORMATION!

3. REPORT THE SCAM AT OIG.SSA.GOV

What to look out for



The caller says there is a **problem** with your Social Security number or account.



Any call asking you to pay a fine or debt with retail gift cards, cash, wire transfers, or pre-paid debit cards.



Scammers **pretend** they're from Social Security or another government agency. Caller ID or documents sent by email may look official but **they are not**.

Callers threaten you with arrest or other legal action.

Be Alert

Social Security may call you in some situations but will **never**:

- » Threaten you
- » Suspend your Social Security Number
- » Demand immediate payment from you
- » Require payment by cash, gift card, pre-paid debit card, or wire transfer

Be Active

Protect yourself and your friends and family!

- » If you receive a questionable call, just hang up and report the call at *oig.ssa.gov*
- » Learn more at oig.ssa.gov/scam
- » Share this information with others





my Social Security – Registration



<u>Step 1</u> :	Visit ssa.gov and select <i>my</i> Social Security
<u>Step 2</u> :	Select "Create An Account"
<u>Step 3</u> :	Verify your Identity
<u>Step 4</u> :	Choose a Username and Password

You will have challenges creating a *my* Social Security account online if the following apply:

- Credit Freeze
- Multiple Address Changes
- Name does not match SSA Records
- Unable to answer security/identity questions

my Social Security Services

If you receive benefits or have Medicare, you can:

- Opt out of mailed notices for those available online;
- Request a replacement Social Security card if you meet certain requirements;
- Report your wages if you work and receive Disability Insurance (SSDI) and/or Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits;
- Get a benefit verification letter as proof that you are getting benefits;
- Check your benefit and payment information and your earnings record;
- Change your address and phone number;
- Start or change direct deposit of your benefit payment;
- Submit your advance designation of representative payee request;
- Request a replacement Medicare card; and
- Get a replacement SSA-1099 or SSA-1042S for tax season.

ssa.gov/myaccount/what.html





my Social Security Services

If you do not receive benefits, you can:

- View retirement benefit estimates at different ages or dates when you want to start receiving benefits;
- View possible spouse's benefits;
- Request a replacement Social Security card if you meet certain requirements;
- Check the status of your application or appeal;
- Get a benefit verification letter as proof that you are not getting benefits;
- Get your Social Security Statement to review:
 - Estimates of your future retirement, disability, and survivor benefits;
 - Your earnings record, to verify the amounts that we posted are correct; and
 - The estimated Social Security and Medicare taxes you've paid. ssa.gov/myaccount/what.html





Social Security Statement

- The Statement is one of Social Security's most far-reaching educational tools.
 - In 2020, we provided more than 83 million Statements in print and online.
- Workers age 18 and older can access their Statement online using my Social Security. We mail a Statement to workers age 60 and older who do not have an online account.

ssa.gov/myaccount/statement.html







How You Qualify for Benefits

- You need to work to earn Social Security "credits"
- Each \$1,470 in earnings gives you one credit
- You can earn a maximum of 4 credits per year



Example: To earn 4 credits in 2021, you must earn at least \$5,880. Earning 40 credits (10 years of work) throughout your working life will qualify you for a retirement benefit.



Your Age at the Time You Elect Retirement Benefits Affects the Amount

	Full	%	%
Year of	Retirement	at age	at age
Birth	Age	62	70
1943-			
1954	66	75.0%	132.00%
	66 + 2		
1955	months	74.2%	130.67%
	66 + 4		
1956	months	73.3%	129.33%
	66 + 6		
1957	months	72.5%	128.00%
	66 + 8		
1958	months	71.7%	126.67%
	66 + 10		
1959	months	70.8%	125.33%
1960 or			
later	67	70.0%	124.00%

If You're a Worker and <u>Start</u> Retirement Benefits

- At age 62, you get a permanent lower monthly payment
- At your full retirement age, you get your full benefit
- After your full retirement age, you get an even higher monthly payment for delaying

www.ssa.gov/benefits/retirement/planner/ageincrease.html



Retirement Estimator www.ssa.gov/benefits/retirement/estimator.html

Your Retirement Benefit Estimate

The age that you start your benefits determines how much you receive each month.

We created estimates for you at three common retirement ages using your earnings information. You can also add your own custom estimates by changing your stop work age and future earnings.

If you start your benefits:	And you earn an average of:	Your benefit will be about:
At age 65	\$45,000 a year (from now until age 65)	\$1,434 a month
At full retirement (age 67)	\$40,000 a year (from now until full retirement)	\$1,525 a month
At age 70	\$40,000 a year (from now until age 70)	\$1,891 a month
At age 62	\$40,000 a year (from now until age 62)	\$1,040 a month

- Convenient, secure, and quick financial planning tool
- Immediate and accurate benefit estimates
- Lets you create "What if" scenarios based on different ages and earnings

Spouse vs. Surviving Spouse Benefits

Spouse (living)	Surviving Spouse (deceased)
May start as early as age 62	May start as early as age 60 or as early as 50 if disabled
50% if you wait until FRA or later	100% if you start at FRA or later
Less than 50% if you start before FRA (reduced for each month taken early)	71.5% at age 60, increases each month you wait.
Can receive at any age, if caring for a child under age 16 or disabled	Can receive at any age, if caring for a child under age 16 or disabled

Certain conditions must be met. Ex-spouses may be eligible.





Auxiliary Benefits for Children

A child must have:	The child must also be:
 A parent who's disabled or retired and entitled to Social Security benefits; or A parent who died after having worked long enough in a job where they paid Social Security taxes. 	 Unmarried; Younger than age 18; 18-19 years old and a full- time student (no higher than grade 12); 18 or older and disabled from a disability that started before age 22.

ssa.gov/planners/retire/applying7.html







You Can Work and Receive Benefits

If You Are	You Can Make Up To	If You Make More, Some Benefits Will Be Withheld
Under FRA* in 2021	\$18,960/yr. (\$1,580/mo.)	\$1 for every \$2
Turning FRA in 2021	\$50,520/yr. (\$4,210/mo.)	\$1 for every \$3
Month You Attain Full Retirement Age & Continuing	No Limit	No Limit

*FRA = Full Retirement Age

Note: If some of your retirement benefits are withheld because of your earnings, your benefits will be increased starting at your full retirement age to take into account those months in which benefits were withheld.



Earnings Test Calculator www.ssa.gov/OACT/COLA/RTeffect.html

Retirement Earnings Test Calculator

Automatic Determinations

Complete the form to see the			
effect of the Retirement			
Earnings Test on retirement			
benefits.			

Please note that the retirement
earnings test always uses the
normal (full) retirement age
applicable to retired workers.

Exempt amounts under the Retirement Earnings Test

Enter your date of birth: Month 6	Day 2 Year 1954
Your estimated earnings: \$ 32000	
	ge this year, enter only those earnings made prior to the mings test does not apply once you reach normal
Your estimated monthly benefit: \$ 135	(before application of the retirement test)

Note: special rules A apply in the first year you retire.

Submit request Reset



Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI) What is it?

SSDI provides a monthly benefit to people who are no longer able to work because of a significant disabling condition(s). SSA does not pay partial or temporary disability benefits.

Who is it for?

People who cannot perform substantial work activity may qualify if they:

- have medical condition(s) expected to last at least 12 months or result in death
- are younger than full retirement age (FRA) and earn less than the substantial gainful activity (SGA) limit
- have recent work and a certain number of work credits based on age

ssa.gov/disability







Social Security Disability www.ssa.gov/benefits/disability

Who Can Get Disability Benefits?

<u>Worker</u>

- Must have paid into Social Security five out of last 10 years
- For younger workers, under age 31 less work is required

<u>Spouse</u>

- At age 62
- At any age if caring for child under 16 or disabled
- Divorced spouses may qualify

<u>Child</u>

- Not married under age 18 (under 19 if still in high school)
- Not married and disabled before age 22



Applying for Benefits

3 options available to apply:



Online <u>www.ssa.gov</u>



By phone 1-800-772-1213 If deaf or hard of hearing, call Social Security's TTY number, 1-800-325-0778.

Call your local office (<u>www.ssa.gov/locator</u>)

You choose the most convenient option for you!

Note: Child and survivor claims can only be done by phone or in a field office (not online)



www.ssa.gov

 \mathcal{O} SEARCH \equiv MENU O LANGUAGES B SIGN IN/UP

What should I do if I get a call claiming there's a problem with my Social Security number or account?





www.ssa.gov

Ø SEARCH ≡ MENU S LANGUAGES SIGN IN/UP

Newsroom

Social Security

Social Security Board of Trustees: Combined Trust Funds Projected Depletion One Year Sooner Than Last Year

The Social Security Board of Trustees today released its annual report on the long-term financial status of the Social Security Trust Funds...

How to Change Your Second Factor Authentication for Your Personal my Social Security Account

Did you recently get a new cell phone number or email address? If you did, you will need to update your personal my Social Security account to reflect the new number or email. You will be required to use...

Blog	Newsle	Newsletter Press Releases		D in G ⁺ f D i Follow Us f f G ⁺ f	
Replacement Social Security Card	Check Application or Appeal Status	People Helping Others	Contact Us	Forms	
Publications	Calculators	Social Security Statement	Direct Deposit	Closings & Emergencies	
Fraud Prevention and Reporting	Ticket to Work	Budget, Finance, and Performance	Emergency Assistance for Homeowners and Renters	Explore the Benefits You May Be Due	